BILL AS PASSED THE HOUSE 2015

1	H.187
2	Introduced by Representatives Toleno of Brattleboro, Bartholomew of
3	Hartland, Burke of Brattleboro, Chesnut-Tangerman of
4	Middletown Springs, Christie of Hartford, Cole of Burlington,
5	Davis of Washington, Donovan of Burlington, Fields of
6	Bennington, Frank of Underhill, French of Randolph, Gonzalez
7	of Winooski, Hooper of Montpelier, Klein of East Montpelier,
8	Lenes of Shelburne, Long of Newfane, Lucke of Hartford,
9	Macaig of Williston, Masland of Thetford, McCormack of
10	Burlington, McCullough of Williston, Mrowicki of Putney,
11	Nuovo of Middlebury, O'Sullivan of Burlington, Patt of
12	Worcester, Pearson of Burlington, Ryerson of Randolph,
13	Stevens of Waterbury, Stuart of Brattleboro, Townsend of
14	South Burlington, Troiano of Stannard, Walz of Barre City,
15	Woodward of Johnson, and Zagar of Barnard
16	Referred to Committee on
17	Date:
18	Subject: Labor; employment practices; paid absence from work
19	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to ensure that
20	employees accrue a minimum number of hours of paid sick time annually and

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1 prohibits employers from penalizing employees who use their accrued sick

2 time.

3	An act relating to absence from work for health care and safety
4	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
5	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
6	The General Assembly finds:
7	(1) According to the Vermont Department of Labor's 2013 Fringe
8	Benefits study, roughly one-half of all private sector employers provide some
9	form of paid leave to their employees. Less than 50 percent of private sector
10	workers employed by companies with under 20 workers have access to paid
11	leave, while only approximately 78 percent of workers employed by larger
12	companies have access to paid leave time.
13	(2) In total, more than 60,000 working Vermonters lack access to paid
14	leave.
15	Sec. 2. PURPOSE
16	The purpose of this act is to promote a healthy work environment by
17	ensuring that employees are provided with paid sick leave time and that
18	employers do not penalize employees who use paid sick leave beneits.

1	See. 3. 21 V.S.A. § 384 is amended to read:
2	§ 384. EMPLOYMENT; WAGES
3	* * *
4	(d) For the purposes of earned sick time, an employer must comply with
5	the provisions required under subchapter 4B of this chapter.
6	Sec. 4. 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 4B is added to read:
7	Subchapter 4B. Earned Sick Time
8	<u>§ 481. DEFINITIONS</u>
9	As used in this subchapter.
10	(1) "Combined time off" means a policy wherein the employer provides
11	time off for vacation, sickness, personal reasons, or holidays, and the employee
12	has the option to use all of the leave for whatever purpose he or she chooses.
13	(2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor.
14	(3) "Differential" means compensation paid in addition to the usual
15	compensation paid to an employee of a health care facility as defined in
16	18 V.S.A. § 9432(8) who does not work on a regular schedule and who works
17	only when he or she indicates that he or she is available to work and has no
18	obligation to work when he or she does not indicate availability.
19	(4) "Earned sick time" means discretionary time earned and accrued
20	under the provisions of this subchapter and used for the purposes listed in
21	subdivisions 483(a)(1)–(5) of this subchapter.

1	(5) "Employee" has the same meaning as set forth in section 341 of this
2	title, except that it shall not include employees of the federal government.
3	(6) "Employer" means an individual, organization, or governmental
4	body, partnership, association, corporation, legal representative, trustee,
5	receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, and any common carrier by rail, motor, water,
6	air, or express company doing business in or operating within this State.
7	(7) "Seasonal employee" has the same meaning as set forth in
8	subdivision 2002(4) of this title.
9	<u>§ 482. EARNED SICK TIME</u>
10	(a) An employee shall accrue not less than one hour of earned sick time for
11	every 40 hours worked.
12	(b) An employer may require a waiting period for new hires.
13	(1) During this waiting period, an employee shall accrue earned sick
14	time pursuant to this section but cannot use the earned sick time until after he
15	or she has worked for the employer for 90 days or 500 hours, whichever occurs
16	later.
17	(2) An employer may elect not to count an employee's time worked as a
18	part-time, summer seasonal employee, or short-term temporary employee in
19	determining the end date of the employee's waiting period.
20	(c) In the absence of a more generous paid time policy or collective
21	bargaining agreement provision, an employer may:

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1	(1) limit the amount of earned siek time accrued pursuant to this
2	section to:
3	(A) from July 1, 2015, until June 30, 2017, a maximum of 24 hours
4	in a 12-month period; and
5	(B) after June 30, 2017, a maximum of 40 hours in a 12-month
6	period; or
7	(2) limit to 40 hours the number of hours in each workweek for which
8	full-time employees not subject to the overtime provisions of the Federal Fair
9	Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1), may accrue earned sick time
10	pursuant to this section.
11	(d) Earned sick time accrued pursuant to this section shall be compensated
12	at the same hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care
13	benefits, as the employee normally earns for hours worked.
14	(e) Service or tipped employees shall be compensated at an amount that is
15	not less than the minimum wage required for nonservice or nontipped
16	employees pursuant to section 384 of this title.
17	(f) An employer with a paid time policy that is comparable to or more
18	generous than the earned sick time provided under this section is not required
19	to provide additional earned sick time.

1	(g) If an employer offers combined time off that does not specifically
2	include sick time, an employee may use all or a portion of that time for the
3	purposes listed in subdivisions 483(a)(1)–(5) of this title.
4	(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with the
5	enforcement of or require a change in a collective bargaining agreement that is
6	comparable to or more generous than the earned sick time provided under this
7	section.
8	(i) An employer may calculate the amount of earned sick time that an
9	employee has accrued pursuant to this section on a quarterly basis, provided
10	that an employee may use earned sick time as he or she accrues it during that
11	<u>quarter.</u>
12	<u>§ 483. USE OF EARNED SICK TIME</u>
13	(a) An employee may use earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482
14	of this title for any of the following reasons:
15	(1) The employee is ill or injured.
16	(2) The employee obtains professional diagnostic, preventive, routine, or
17	therapeutic health care.
18	(3) The employee cares for a sick or injured parent, grandparent, spouse,
19	child, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster child, person residing
20	with the employee, or family member for whom the employee is primabily

1	responsible to arrange or provide care for, including helping that individual
2	obtain diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health treatment.
3	(4) The employee is arranging for social or legal services or obtaining
4	medical care or counseling for the employee or for the employee's parent,
5	grandparent, spouse, child, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster
6	child, person residing with the employee, or family member for whom the
7	employee is primarily responsible to arrange or provide care for, who is a
8	victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking or who is relocating as
9	the result of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. As used in this
10	section, "domestic violence," "sexual assault," and "stalking" shall have the
11	same meaning as in 15 V.S.A. § 115).
12	(5) The employee cares for a parent, grandparent, spouse, child, brother,
13	sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster child, person residing with the
14	employee, or family member for whom the employee is primarily responsible
15	to arrange or provide care for, because the school or business where that
16	individual is normally located during the employee's work day is closed for
17	public health or safety reasons.
18	(b) An employee shall use earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482
19	of this title in the smallest time increments that the employer's payroll system
20	uses to account for other absences when the employee's absence is shorter than
21	<u>a normal workday.</u>

1	(e)(1) In the absence of a more generous paid time policy or collective
2	bargaining agreement provision, an employee may use:
3	(A) from July 1, 2015, until June 30, 2017, no more than 24 hours of
4	earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this title in any one
5	year; and
6	(B) after June 30, 2017, no more than 40 hours of earned sick time
7	accrued pursuant to section 482 of this title in any one year.
8	(2) Unused hours shall be carried over to the next year and the employee
9	has the right to earn the balance between the unused portion and the maximum
10	allowed.
11	(d) Upon separation from employment, an employee shall not be entitled to
12	payment for unused earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this
13	title unless agreed upon by the employer.
14	(e) If, at an employer's discretion, an employer pays an employee for
15	unused earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this title at the end
16	of an annual period, then the amount for which the employee was compensated
17	does not carry over to the next year.
18	(f) An employee who is rehired within 12 months after a separation from
19	employment shall retain earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of
20	this title that was unused at the time of separation, unless the employee was
21	compensated for this earned sick time at the time of separation from

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1	employment. An employer shall retain a record of the earned siek time
2	accrued by an employee for at least 12 months after the employee's separation
3	from employment.
5	<u>nom onproyment.</u>
4	(g) An employer may require an employee to make reasonable efforts to
5	find a replacement for planned absences, including absences for professional
6	diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health care.
7	(h) An employer may require an employee planning to take earned sick
8	time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this title to:
9	(1) make reasonable efforts to avoid scheduling routine or preventive
10	health care during regular work hours; or
11	(2) notify the employer as soon as practicable of the intent to take
12	earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this title and the expected
13	duration of the employee's absence.
14	(i) An employer shall post notice of the provisions of this section in a form
15	provided by the Commissioner in a place conspicuous to employees at the
16	employer's place of business. An employer shall also notify an employee of
17	the provisions of this section at the time of the employee's hiring.
18	(j)(1) This section shall not apply to an employee of a health care facility as
19	defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9432(8) if the employee:
20	(A) is under no obligation to work a regular schedule;

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1	(B) works only when he or she indicates that he or she is available to
2	work and has no obligation to work when he or she does not indicate
3	availability; and
4	(c) receives higher pay in the form of a differential as defined in
5	section 481 of this title, or some other increased compensation than that paid to
6	an employee of a health care facility performing the same job on a regular
7	schedule.
8	(2) An employer may agree to provide earned sick time to an employee
9	covered by this subsection.
10	(k) This section shall not apply to an employee of a school district,
11	supervisory district, or supervisory union as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 11 that:
12	(1) is employed pursuant to a school district or supervisory union policy
13	on substitute educators as require by the Vermont Standards Board for
14	Professional Educators Rule 5381;
15	(2) is under no obligation to work a regular schedule; and
16	(3) is not under contract or written agreement to provide at least one
17	period of long-term substitute coverage which is defined as 30 or more
18	consecutive calendar days in the same assignment.
19	(1) A seasonal employee shall not accrue earned sick time pursuant to
20	section 482 of this title during his or her first year of employment. However, a
21	seasonal employee that returns for a second year of employment shall, upon

1	commencing his or her second year of employment, immediately accrue one
2	hour of earned sick time for every 40 hours worked during his or her first year
3	of employment, provided that:
4	(1) the seasonal employee returns after the separation from employment
5	within 12 months as provided by subsection (f) of this section; and
6	(2) the seasonal employee is employed by the same employer as he or
7	she was for the previous season.
8	(m) An employee who uses earned sick time accrued pursuant to section
9	482 of this title shall not forfeit his or her rights to leave under sections 472
10	and 472a of this title.
11	(n) It shall be unlawful for an employer, employment agency, or labor
12	organization to:
13	(1) have an absence control policy that treats an employee's use of
14	earned sick time in accordance with this subchapter or the employer's earned
15	sick time policy as an absence that could lead to or result in the employee's
16	discharge, demotion, suspension, or other adverse employment action; or
17	(2) discipline, discharge, demote, suspend, penalize, or otherwise
18	discriminate against an employee that:
19	(A) requests or uses earned sick time in accordance with this
20	subchapter or the employer's earned sick time policy; or

1	(B) has lodged a complaint with the Commissioner alleging that the
2	employer has violated the provisions of this subchapter.
3	(o) An employer may adopt an earned sick time policy more generous than
4	the earned sick time provided by this subchapter. Nothing in this subchapter
5	shall be construed to diminish an employer's obligation to comply with any
6	collective bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan
7	that provides greater sick time rights than the rights provided by this
8	subchapter. A collective pargaining agreement or employment benefit
9	program or plan may not diminish rights provided by this subchapter.
10	(p) An employer who violates this section shall be subject to the penalty
11	provisions of section 345 of this title.
12	(q) The Commissioner shall enforce this section in accordance with the
13	procedures established in section 342a of this title.
14	<u>§ 484. SEVERABILITY OF PROVISIONS</u>
15	If any provision of this subchapter or the application of such provision to
16	any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the
17	subchapter and the application of such provisions to persons or circumstances
18	other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

1	See. 5. 21 V.S.A. § 345 is amended to read:
2	§ 345. NONPAYMENT OF WAGES AND BENEFITS
3	(a) Each employer who violates sections 342 and 343 342, 343, 482, and
4	483 of this title shall be fined not more than \$5,000.00. Where the employer is
5	a corporation, the president or other officers who have control of the payment
6	operations of the corporation shall be considered employers and liable to the
7	employee for actual wages due when the officer has willfully and without good
8	cause participated in knowing violations of this chapter.
9	***
10	Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR SURVEY
10 11	Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR SURVEY The Department of Labor shall commission a survey to report the effects of
11	The Department of Labor shall commission a curvey to report the effects of
11 12	The Department of Labor shall commission a survey to report the effects of this act on employers and employees one year after implementation. Survey
11 12 13	<u>The Department of Labor shall commission a survey to report the effects of</u> <u>this act on employers and employees one year after implementation. Survey</u> <u>topics shall include the health and economic effects on employees and</u>
11 12 13 14	The Department of Labor shall commission a survey to report the effects of this act on employers and employees one year after implementation. Survey topics shall include the health and economic effects on employees and employers. The results of the survey shall be reported to the appropriate
11 12 13 14 15	The Department of Labor shall commission a survey to report the effects of this act on employers and employees one year after implementation. Survey topics shall include the health and economic effects on employees and employers. The results of the survey shall be reported to the appropriate committees.

The General Assembly finds:

(1) According to the Vermont Department of Labor's 2013 Fringe Benefits Study, roughly one-half of all private sector employers provide some form of paid leave to their employees.

(2) Based on information provided by the 2013 Fringe Benefits Study, it is estimated that slightly less than 50 percent of private sector workers employed by companies with fewer than 20 workers have access to paid leave, while approximately 78 percent of workers employed by larger companies have access to paid leave time.

(3) Based on information provided by the 2013 Fringe Benefits Study, it is estimated that more than 60,000 working Vermonters lack access to paid leave.

Sec. 2. PURPOSE

The purpose of this act is to promote a healthier environment at work, school, and in public by ensuring that employees are provided with paid leave time for purposes of health care and safety.

Sec. 3. 21 V.S.A. § 384 is amended to read:

§ 384. EMPLOYMENT; WAGES

* * *

(d) For the purposes of earned sick time, an employer shall comply with the provisions required under subchapter 4B of this chapter. Sec. 4. 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 4B is added to read:

Subchapter 4B. Earned Sick Time

<u>§ 481. DEFINITIONS</u>

As used in this subchapter:

(1) "Combined time off" means a policy wherein the employer provides time off from work for vacation, sickness, or personal reasons, and the employee has the option to use all of the leave for whatever purpose he or she chooses.

(2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor.

(3) "Differential" means compensation paid in addition to the usual compensation paid to an employee of a health care facility as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9432(8) who does not work on a regular schedule and who works only when he or she indicates that he or she is available to work and has no obligation to work when he or she does not indicate availability.

(4) "Earned sick time" means discretionary time earned and accrued under the provisions of this subchapter and used by an employee to take time off from work for the purposes listed in subdivisions 483(a)(1)–(5) of this subchapter.

(5) "Employee" has the same meaning as set forth in section 341 of this title. However, the term "employee" shall not include:

(A) An individual who is employed by the federal government.

(B) An individual who is employed by an employer:

(i) for 20 weeks or fewer in a calendar year;

(ii) in a job scheduled to last 20 weeks or fewer; and

(iii) for the purpose of supporting or supplementing the employer's workforce in certain situations, including employee absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special assignments and projects.

(C) An individual who is employed by the State and is exempt or excluded from the State classified service pursuant to 3 V.S.A § 311.

(D) An employee of a health care facility as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9432(8) if the employee:

(i) is under no obligation to work a regular schedule;

(ii) works only when he or she indicates that he or she is available to work and has no obligation to work when he or she does not indicate availability; and

(iii) receives higher pay in the form of a differential as defined in subdivision (3) of this section, or some other increased compensation than that paid to an employee of a health care facility performing the same job on a regular schedule.

(E) An employee of a school district, supervisory district, or supervisory union as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 11 that:

(i) is employed pursuant to a school district or supervisory union policy on substitute educators as required by the Vermont Standards Board for Professional Educators Rule 5381;

(ii) is under no obligation to work a regular schedule; and

(*iii*) is not under contract or written agreement to provide at least one period of long-term substitute coverage which is defined as 30 or more consecutive calendar days in the same assignment.

(F) An individual who is a guest worker employed pursuant to a federal work visa program, including guest workers who are exempt from the visa issuance process pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 212.1(b).

(G) an individual that is either:

(i) a sole proprietor or partner owner of an unincorporated business who is excluded from the provisions of chapter 9 of this title pursuant to subdivision 601(14)(F) of this title; or

(ii) an executive officer, manager, or member of a corporation or a limited liability company for whom the Commissioner has approved an exclusion from the provisions of chapter 9 of this title pursuant to subdivision 601(14)(H) of this title.

(6) "Employer" means an individual, organization, or governmental body, partnership, association, corporation, legal representative, trustee, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, and any common carrier by rail, motor, water, air, or express company doing business in or operating within this State.

(7) "Paid time off policy" means any policy under which the employer provides paid time off from work to the employee that includes a combination

of one or more of the following:

(A) annual leave;

(B) combined time off;

(C) vacation leave;

(D) personal leave;

(E) sick leave; or

(F) any similar type of leave.

§ 482. EARNED SICK TIME

(a) An employee shall accrue not less than one hour of earned sick time for every 40 hours worked.

(b) An employer may require a waiting period for new hires. During this waiting period, an employee shall accrue earned sick time pursuant to this section but cannot use the earned sick time until after he or she has worked for the employer for one year or 1,400 hours, whichever occurs first.

(c) An employer may:

(1) limit the amount of earned sick time accrued pursuant to this section to:

(A) from January 1, 2016, until December 31, 2017, a maximum of 24 hours in a 12-month period; and

(B) after December 31, 2017, a maximum of 40 hours in a 12-month period; or

(2) limit to 40 hours the number of hours in each workweek for which full-time employees not subject to the overtime provisions of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1), may accrue earned sick time pursuant to this section.

(d)(1) Earned sick time shall be compensated at a rate that is equal to the greater of either:

(A) the normal hourly wage rate of the employee; or

(B) the minimum wage rate for an employee pursuant to section 384 of this title.

(2) Employment benefits shall continue during an employee's use of earned sick time at the same level and conditions that coverage would be provided as for normal work hours. The employer may require that the employee contribute to the cost of the benefits during the use of earned sick time at the existing rate of employee contribution.

(e) Except as otherwise provided by subsection 484(a) of this subchapter, an employer shall calculate the amount of earned sick time that an employee has accrued pursuant to this section: (1) as it accrues during each pay period; or

(2) on a quarterly basis, provided that an employee may use earned sick time as he or she accrues it during each quarter.

<u>§ 483. USE OF EARNED SICK TIME</u>

(a) An employee may use earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter for any of the following reasons:

(1) The employee is ill or injured.

(2) The employee obtains professional diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health care.

(3) The employee cares for a sick or injured parent, grandparent, spouse, child, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster child, or a person for whom the employee is primarily responsible to arrange or provide care for who is either a family member of the employee or resides with the employee, including helping that individual obtain diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health treatment.

(4) The employee is arranging for social or legal services or obtaining medical care or counseling for the employee or for the employee's parent, grandparent, spouse, child, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster child, or a person for whom the employee is primarily responsible to arrange or provide care for who is either a family member of the employee or resides with the employee, who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking or who is relocating as the result of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. As used in this section, "domestic violence," "sexual assault," and "stalking" shall have the same meaning as in 15 V.S.A. § 1151.

(5) The employee cares for a parent, grandparent, spouse, child, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandchild, foster child, or a person for whom the employee is primarily responsible to arrange or provide care for who is either a family member of the employee or resides with the employee, because the school or business where that individual is normally located during the employee's workday is closed for public health or safety reasons.

(b) If an employee's absence is shorter than a normal workday, the employee shall use earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter in the smallest time increments that the employer's payroll system uses to account for other absences.

(c) An employer may limit the amount of earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter that an employee may use to:

(1) from January 1, 2016, until December 31, 2017, no more than 24 hours of earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter in a 12-month period; and

(2) after December 31, 2017, no more than 40 hours of earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter in a 12-month period. (d)(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 484(a) of this subchapter, earned sick time that remains unused at the end of an annual period shall be carried over to the next annual period and the employee has the right to earn the balance between the unused portion and the maximum allowed.

(2) If, at an employer's discretion, an employer pays an employee for unused earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter at the end of an annual period, then the amount for which the employee was compensated does not carry over to the next annual period.

(e) Upon separation from employment, an employee shall not be entitled to payment for unused earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter unless agreed upon by the employer.

(f) An employee who is rehired by the same employer within 12 months after separation from employment shall begin to accrue and may use earned sick time without any waiting period, but shall not be entitled to retain any unused earned sick time that had accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter before the time of separation unless agreed upon by the employer.

(g) An employer shall not require an employee to find a replacement for absences, including absences for professional diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health care. (h) An employer may require an employee planning to take earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter to:

(1) make reasonable efforts to avoid scheduling routine or preventive health care during regular work hours; or

(2) notify the employer as soon as practicable of the intent to take earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter and the expected duration of the employee's absence.

(i) If an employee is absent from work for one of the reasons listed in subsection (a) of this section, the employee shall not be required to use earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter and the employer will not be required to pay for the time that the employee was absent if the employer and the employee mutually agree that either:

(1) the employee will work an equivalent number of hours as the number of hours for which the employee is absent during the same pay period; or

(2) the employee will trade hours with a second employee so that the second employee works during the hours for which the employee is absent and the employee works an equivalent number of hours in place of the second employee during the same pay period.

(j) An employer shall post notice of the provisions of this section in a form provided by the Commissioner in a place conspicuous to employees at the employer's place of business. An employer shall also notify an employee of the provisions of this section at the time of the employee's hiring.

(k) An employee who uses earned sick time accrued pursuant to section 482 of this subchapter shall not diminish his or her rights under sections 472 and 472a of this title.

(1) The provisions against retaliation set forth in section 397 of this title shall apply to this subchapter.

(m) An employer who violates this section shall be subject to the penalty provisions of section 345 of this title.

(n) The Commissioner shall enforce this section in accordance with the procedures established in section 342a of this title.

§ 484. COMPLIANCE WITH EARNED SICK TIME REQUIREMENT

(a) An employer shall be in compliance with this subchapter if either of the following occurs:

(1) The employer offers a paid time off policy or is a party to a collective bargaining agreement that provides the employee with paid time off from work that:

(A) he or she may use for all of the reasons set forth in subsection 483(a) of this subchapter; and

(B) accrues and may be used at a rate that is equal to or greater than the rate set forth in sections 482 and 483 of this subchapter. (2) The employer offers a paid time off policy or is a party to a collective bargaining agreement that provides the employee with at least the full amount of paid time off from work required pursuant to sections 482 and 483 of this subchapter at the beginning of each annual period and the employee may use it at any time during the annual period for the reasons set forth in subsection 483(a) of this subchapter. If the employer provides an employee with the full amount of paid time off at the beginning of each annual period to the next as provided in subdivision 483(d)(1) of this subchapter.

(b) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to prevent an employer from providing a paid time off policy or agreeing to a collective bargaining agreement that provides a paid time off policy that is more generous than the earned sick time provided by this subchapter.

(c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to diminish an employer's obligation to comply with any collective bargaining agreement or paid time off policy that provides greater earned sick time rights than the rights provided by this subchapter.

(d) A collective bargaining agreement or paid time off policy may not diminish the rights provided by this subchapter.

§ 485. SEVERABILITY OF PROVISIONS

If any provision of this subchapter or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the subchapter and the application of such provisions to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 5. 21 V.S.A. § 345 is amended to read:

§ 345. NONPAYMENT OF WAGES AND BENEFITS

(a) Each employer who violates sections 342 and 343 342, 343, 482, and 483 of this title shall be fined not more than \$5,000.00. Where the employer is a corporation, the president or other officers who have control of the payment operations of the corporation shall be considered employers and liable to the employee for actual wages due when the officer has willfully and without good cause participated in knowing violations of this chapter.

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Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR REPORT

The Department of Labor shall, on or before January 15, 2017, report to the House Committee on General, Housing and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs regarding the number of inquiries and complaints submitted to the Department in relation to this act and the number of investigations and enforcement actions undertaken by the Department in relation to this act during the first year after its effective date. Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2016.

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